

Lesson 10:

Family

Family [jamaa; familia]

A). Family

babu	[grandfather]
babu mkubwa; babumkuu	[elder grandfather]
nyanya; bibi	[grandmother]
nyanyamkuu; bibimkuu; nyanya mkubwa	[elder grandmother]
mzazi	[parent]
baba	[father]
baba mkubwa; babamkuu	[elder uncle (father's elder brother)]
baba mdogo	[younger uncle (father's younger brother)]
baba wa kambo	[stepfather]
mama	[mother]
mama mkubwa; mamamkuu	[elder auntie (mother's elder sister)]
mama mdogo	[younger auntie (mother's younger sister)]
mama wa kambo	[stepmother]
mke; bibi	[wife]
mume	[husband]
mtoto/mwana	[child]
kaka	[elder brother; male sibling]
dada	[elder sister; female sibling]
ndugu	[brother; sister; citizen; comrade; friend; fellow tribesman; conational]
mzee	[elder]
Mjomba; ami	[uncle in general (usually paternal uncle)]
shangazi; mbiomba	[maternal aunt]
mpwa	[nephew]
binamu	[cousin]
binti	[daughter of]
bin	[son of]
mvulana	[boy]

msichana	[girl]
kijana	[youth; young man; teenager]
familia	[family]
mkwe	[an in-law]
mama mkwe; mavyaa	[mother-in-law]
baba mkwe; bavyaa	[father-in-law]
mkaza; mkaza mwana	[daughter-in-law]
shemeji; mwamu	[sister-in-law; brother-in-law; relative by marriage]
wifi	[sister-in-law (brother's wife or husband's sister)]
mwanamke	[woman]
mwanamume	[man]
kifungua mimba	[first born child]
kitinda mimba; kifunga mimba	[last born child]
mjukuu	[grandchild]
kitukuu	[great grandchild (2 nd generation)]
kinying'inya	[great, great grandchild (3 rd generation)]
kilembwe	[great, great, great grandchild (4 th generation)]
kilembwekeza	[great, great, great, great grandchild (5 th generation)]
kitojo	[great, great, great, great, great grandchild (6 th gen.)]
ami	[paternal uncle]
mwanyumba	[different men who have married blood sisters call each other mwanyumba]
wakewenza	[co-wives]

Zingatia [Note]

mkubwa; mkuu	[bigger/elder/older]
mdogo	[smaller/younger/little]
na	[have]
nina	[I have]
sina	[I do not have]
yangu	[my]
lakini	[but]
pekee	[only]
tu	[only/just]
penda	[like]
ngapi	[how many]

Question Formation

Mifano:

1. Una kaka?

[Do you have a brother?]

- a). Ndiyo, nina kaka. [Yes, I have a brother.]
b). La, sina kaka. [No, I do not have a brother.]
c). La, sina kaka lakini nina dada.
[No, I do not have a brother but I have a sister.]

2. Kaka yako anaitwa nani? | Yeye anaitwa nani?

[What is your brother's name?] [What is his name?]

Kaka yangu anaitwa John. / Yeye anaitwa John.

[My brother's name is John. / His name is John.]

Additional Questions

3. Kaka yako anasoma nini?

Kaka yangu anasoma siasa.
(Yeye) Anasoma elimu ya siasa.

[What does your brother study?]

[My brother studies political science.]
[He studies political science.]

4. Anaishi wapi?

Anaishi katika jimbo la New York.

[Where does he live?]

[He lives in New York.]

5. Kaka yako anaishi wapi?

Kaka yangu anaishi katika jimbo la New York.

Where does your brother live?

[My brother lives in New York.]

6. Ana miaka mingapi?

Ana miaka ishirini na minane.

[How old is he?]

[He is 28 years old.]

7. Kaka yako ana miaka mingapi?

Kaka yangu ana miaka ishirini na minane.

[How old is your brother?]

[My brother is 28 years old.]

8. Anapenda chakula gani?

Anapenda mchicha na jibini.

[What food does he like?]

[He likes spinach and cheese.]

9. Kaka yako anasema lugha gani?

Kaka yangu anasema _____.

[What language does your brother speak?]

[My brother speaks _____.]

10. Kaka yako anasoma wapi?	[Where does your brother study/go to school?]
Kaka yangu anasoma _____.	[My brother studies at _____.]
11. Kaka yako anapenda chakula gani?	[What food does your brother like?]
Anapenda _____.	[He likes _____.]
12. Una kaka/dada wangapi?	[How many brothers/sisters do you have?]
a). Nina kaka moja na dada wawili/watatu/wane/watano/ sita.	[I have one brother and two sisters/three sister/ four sisters/five sisters/ six sisters.]
b). Mimi ni mtoto wa pekee.	[I am an only child.]
c). Mimi ni kifungua mimba na kifunga mimba.	[I am the first and last born.]
d). Sina kaka, sina dada.	[I have no brother or sister.]