

Lesson 52:

States of Being

States of Being [hali]

A). States of Being

aibu	[shame; shyness]	wasiwasi	[nervousness; restlessness]
bumbuazi	[stupefaction]	zubaa	[state of stupor]
duwaa	[state of stupor]	ucheshi	[entertainment]
bung'aa	[state of bewilderment]	mizaha	[comedy; jokes]
furaha/raha	[happiness]	hoihoi	[jubilation]
huzuni	[sadness]	shangwe na nderemo	[jubilation]
kiherehere	[naughty]	shangwe na vigelegele	[jubilation]
kimya	[quiet]	vifijo na nderemo	[jubilation]
mageuzi	[upheaval]	shangwe na hoihoi	[jubilation]
mahangaiko	[restlessness]	kelele	[noise]
majonzi	[mourning]	mizaha	[comedy; jokes]
mapinduzi	[overthrow; coup]	hoihoi	[jubilation]
mshangao	[startlement]	shangwe na nderemo	[jubilation]
mshtuko	[astonishment]	shangwe na vigelegele	[jubilation]
msisimko	[excitement]	vifijo na nderemo	[jubilation]
nyamavu	[quiet]	shangwe na hoihoi	[jubilation]
shaka	[doubt]	kelele	[noise]
shangaa	[(be) astonished]	hoi / choka	[exhausted]
shangwe	[be startled]	kuwa mjamzito	[be expectant]
shtuka	[jubilation]	pumzika	[rest]
shwari	[calm]	kizunguzungu	[dizziness]
sikitiko	[regret]	kuwa mjamzito	[be expectant]
taharuki	[excitement]	fitini	[cause discord, make mischief]
takatifu	[holy]	adabu	[good manners, behavior]
tulivu	[calm]	fidhuli	[audacious, rude, arrogant, insulting]
uchungu	[pain]	makini	[keenness, attentiveness, calm]
usununu	[moodiness]		
wahaka	[restlessness]		
jeuri / tundu /	[mischievous,		
tukutu	stubborn, rude]		
shauri	[advice]		
bidii	[determination]		

dhihaka	[mockery, ridicule, joke, teasing]	imara	[firm, solid, robust, stable, strong,
shughuli	[activities]		unshakable, rigid]
hekima	[wisdom]	msamaha	[forgive, pardon]
wazimu /	[madness]	samehe	[to forgive, to pardon]
kichaa			[permission]
upumbavu /	[stupidity]	ruhusa	[order, command, directive]
ujinga		amri	[promise, pledge, commitment]
usingizi	[sleep]		[forgetful, inattentive, absent-minded]
choyo	[mean, tight-fisted, selfish, egoistic]	ahadi	[greetings, salutations, pass]
huruma	[considerate, merciful, compassionate, kindness]	sahaulifu	[pass sentence, judge, decide, adjudicate]
kero / kera	[annoyance, to annoy]		[permit, give consent, assent]
fedheha	[disgrace, shame, scandal]	salamu	[rage, fume, wrath, fury, anger]
haya	[shame, modesty, disgrace, humility]	hukumu	[meanness]
baridi	[cold]		
joto	[warm, hot]	idhini	
wivu	[jealousy, envy]		
taabu / shida	[trouble, difficulties]	ghadhabu	
kisunzi	[nose bleed]		
kuumika	[bloodletting, clupping]	inda	
fitina	[mischief, intrigue, enmity]		

MIFANO ZAIDI:

kuchafuka	[to get dirty]
kuchoka	[to get tired]
kuwa na huzuni/nina huzuni	[to be sad/I am sad]
kuwa na furaha; kufurahi;	[to be happy]
nina furaha	[I am happy]
kuwa na mizaha/ucheshi	[to be jolly/funny]
ana mizaha	[he/she is funny]
kukasirika	[to be angry]
kunenepa	[to be fat/plump]
kukonda	[to be slim/thin]
kuoa	[to marry (man)]
kuolewa	[to be married]
kuoza	[to be rotten]
kushangaa	[to be surprised]
kuwa mgonjwa/ kuugua/ nina ugonjwa	[to fall sick; to be sick; I am sick]

kuumwa	[to be sick]
kuzeeka	[to get old]
kulia	[to cry]
kuwa na kiu/ nina kiu	[to be thirsty; I am thirsty]
kuwa na njaa/ nina njaa	[to be hungry; I am hungry]
kucheka	[to smile; to laugh]
kusikitika	[to regret]
kuharakisha	[to speed up]
kuchelewa	[to be late]
kulala	[to sleep]
kushiba	[to be satisfied]
kujaa	[to be full (of something)]
kuvaa	[to put on]
kuogopa	[to fear]
kupiga kofi	[to slap]
kupiga makofi	[to clap]
kupiga domo	[to chat]
kupiga miayo	[to yawn]
kupiga kelele	[to make noise]
kuvuta pumzi	[take a breath]
kuvunjika mguu / mkono	[to break a leg / hand]
kusikia maumivu	[forgive, pardon]
kufa / kufariki	[to die]
kuishi	[to live]
kupona	[to get well]
kupata nafuu	[to recover, to get better, to improve]
kuzirai	[to faint]
kuhema / kutweta	[to pant]
kupumua	[to breathe]
kukohoa	[to cough]
kupiga chafya	[to sneeze]
kucheua	[to belch]
kutapika	[to vomit]
kuendesha / kuhara	[to have diarrhea / loose stool]
kuganda	[to freeze]
kuterezeka	[to sprain]
kuanguka	[to fall]
kusimama	[to stand]
kujigonga / kujigota	[to hurt, knock oneself]
kujiangusha	[to knock oneself down, fall]
kubiringika	[to roll]
kujiviringisha	[to swing oneself]
kujikokota	[to walk/move slowly]
kujinyanua	[to lift oneself up after a fall]
kugongwa	[to be knocked]

kuwasha	[itch]
kujeruhiwa	[to be injured]
kuugua	[to burn]
kunywa / kumeza tembe / dawa	[to take medicine]
kupewa/ kupata dawa	[to get medicine]
kupata chanjo	[to get vaccinated]
kupima	[to examine]
kupata kitanda	[to be admitted]
kutibiwa	[to be treated]
kutibu	[to treat]
kukinga	[to prevent]
kwenda choo kidogo / mkojo / kuchepuka	[to urinate]
kwenda choo kikubwa	[to defecate]
kwenda hospitali	[to go to the hospital]
kwenda kwa daktari	[to go to the hospital]
kuumwa na tumbo / kichwa/ mguu	[to have a stomach ache, headache, leg pains]

Question Formation

Mifano:

1. Kwa nini una huzuni?

[Why are you sad?]

- | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| a). Kwa sababu mimi ni mgonjwa. | [Because I am sick.] |
| b). Mimi ni mgonjwa. | [I am sick.] |

2. Kwa nini una furaha?

[Why are you happy?]

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| a). Kwa sababu nimenunua gari jipya. | [Because I have bought a new car.] |
| b). Nimenunua gari jipya. | [I have bought a new car.] |
| c). Kwa sababu nina dola nyingi. | [Because I have lots of dollars.] |

3. Kwa nini una majonzi leo?

[Why are you miserable / sad / mourning today?]

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| a). Kwa sababu nimeanguka
mtihani/mjarabu wangu. | [Because I have failed my exam/test.] |
| b). Nimeanguka mtihani/mjarabu
wangu. | [I have failed my test.] |

4. Kwa nini darasa ni kimya leo?

[Why is the class quiet today?]

a). Kwa sababu mwalimu anafundisha.

[Because the teacher is teaching.]

b). Mwalimu anafundisha.

[The teacher is teaching.]

5. Kwa nini una wasiwasi?

[Why are you nervous?]

a). Kwa sababu sioni funguo za gari langu.

[Because I do not see my car keys.]

b). Sioni funguo za gari langu.

[I do not see my car keys.]

6. Kwa nini darasa lina kelele leo?

[Why is the class noisy today?]

Kwa sababu mwalimu hajafika.

[Because the teacher has not arrived.]

7. Kwa nini umechoka leo?

[Why are you tired today?]

Kwa sababu nimefanya kazi nyingi ya nyumbani.

[Because I have done a lot of homework.]

8. Kwa nini unapumzika?

[Why are you resting?]

Kwa sababu sina kazi nyingi.

[Because I do not have a lot of work.]

Sentence Formation

Mifano:

1. Nina **furaha** leo.
[I am happy today.]
2. Anna alikuwa na **wasiwasi** darasani / Anna ana **wasiwasi** darasani.
[Anna was nervous in class/ Anna is nervous in class.]
3. Wanafunzi walikaa darasani **kimya**.
[The students sat quietly in the classroom.]
4. **Ninaogopa** kuanguka mtihani. / **Ninaogopa** baba na mama yangu.
[I fear failing the test. / I am afraid of my mother and father.]
5. Nina **majonzi** leo, kwa sababu rafiki yangu ni mgonjwa.
[I am sad / miserable today because my friend is sick.]
6. Nimeshangua kumwona mama yangu darasani leo.
[I am astonished / surprised to see my mother in class today.]
7. Darasa /somo la Kiswahili ni **shwari** sana.
[The Kiswahili lesson is good/cool.]
8. Jessica ni **mcheshi** sana.
[Jessica is very entertaining / jolly.]